

Exercises: QCD at large Nc

(29/5/13 - C.Schat)

- Derive the Fierz identity for $SU(N)$ for the fundamental representation

$$(t^A)_b^a(t^A)_d^c = \frac{1}{2}\delta_d^a\delta_b^c - \frac{1}{2N}\delta_b^a\delta_d^c \quad (1)$$

- (a) For $SU(4)$ show that $\mathbf{4} \otimes \mathbf{4} \otimes \mathbf{4} = \mathbf{4} \oplus \mathbf{20}' \oplus \mathbf{20}' \oplus \mathbf{20}$ using Young tableaux:

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{4} \\ \square \end{array} \otimes \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{4} \\ \square \end{array} \otimes \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{4} \\ \square \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{4} \\ \square \end{array} \oplus \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{20}' \\ \square \square \end{array} \oplus \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{20}' \\ \square \square \end{array} \oplus \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{20} \\ \square \square \square \end{array} \quad (2)$$

- (b) Repeat for $SU(6)$. Identify the irrep of the ground state baryons.

- Decomposition of $SU(XY)$ irreps in $SU(X) \times SU(Y)$. Ref: C.Itzykson, M.Nauenberg, Rev.Mod.Phys.38(1966)95. In the general case

$$\begin{array}{c} \square \square \square \\ \square \square \end{array} = \left(\begin{array}{c} \square \square \square \\ \square \square \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \square \square \square \\ \square \square \end{array} \right) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} \square \square \\ \square \square \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \square \square \\ \square \square \end{array} \right) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \square \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \square \\ \square \end{array} \right) \quad (3)$$

- (a) Compute for $SU(6) \supset SU(2) \otimes SU(3)$ and identify the octet and decuplet states. Are there ground state baryons in a spin 1/2 decuplet ? Why ? How could you have baryons in an octet with spin 3/2 ?

- (a) Derive the N_c scaling of the m-meson vertex.
(b) Derive the N_c scaling of the m-mesons and r-glueball vertex.

- (a) Derive the 't Hooft equations

$$\mu^2 \phi(x) = \left(\frac{M^2}{x} + \frac{M^2}{1-x} \right) \phi(x) - \frac{g^2}{\pi} \int_0^1 dy \frac{P}{(x-y)^2} \phi(y) \quad (4)$$

where $M^2 = m^2 - g^2/\pi$.

- (b) Discuss the solutions.

Refs: G.'t Hooft Nucl.Phys.B75(1974)461 (original calculation); S.Coleman, 1/N lectures in Aspects of Symmetry (pedagogical presentation); R.L.Jaffe, P.F.Mende, Nucl.Phys.B369(1992)189 (numerical solution and plots).

- (a) Write the most general mass operator for ground state baryons, including the explicit ϵ and $1/N_c$ factors.

$$M = c_0 + c_1 S^2 + c_2 T^8 + c_3 S^i G^{i8} + c_4 S^2 T^8 + c_5 T^8 T^8 + c_6 T^8 S^i G^{i8} + c_7 T^8 T^8 T^8 \quad (5)$$

- (b) Compute the matrix elements $\langle M \rangle$ between the baryons in the octet and the decuplet (ground state baryons $N, \Lambda, \Sigma, \Xi, \Delta, \Sigma^*, \Xi^*, \Omega$). Show first that

$$\langle T^8 \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{12}}(N_c - 3N_s) \quad (6)$$

$$G^{i8} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{12}}(S^i - 3S_s^i) \quad (7)$$

$$S^2 - 3S \cdot S_s = \frac{1}{2}(3I^2 - S^2 - 3S_s^2) \quad (8)$$

where N_s is the number of strange quarks and S_s^i the spin of the strange quarks.

- (c) Derive the mass relation

$$\Delta - 3\Sigma^* + 3\Xi^* - \Omega = \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3/N_c^2) \quad (9)$$

Refs: E.E.Jekins, R.F.Lebed, Phys.Rev. D52 (1995) 282; A.Manohar, hep-ph/9802419 (Large N QCD).

7. For the subspace of ground state baryons, proof the operator identity

$$4I^a G^{ia} = (N_c + 2)S^i \quad (10)$$

Hint: Use the Fierz identity for Pauli matrices and the spin-flavor symmetry of the states.

Ref: A.Manohar, hep-ph/9802419 (Large N QCD).