Neglected Tropical Diseases

Infection, modelling and control



Department of Mathematics and Faculty of Medicine The University of Ottawa



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 - poor standards of living
 - lack of hygeine.



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Guinea Worm Disease		0.01	N/A
Buruli ulcer		N/A	N/A.

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The "big three"

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- Attention to disease in endemic areas usually focuses on
 - HIV/AIDS
 - malaria
 - TB
 - novel emerging infections.





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Measuring the impact

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- These are likely underestimates, especially for NTDs.

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- Others.

Disease	Roundworm	Whipworm	Hookworm
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	Anemia: impairs growth and development in children			
Clinical manifestation/ impairment	Intestinal obstruction	Inflammation, dystentry	Iron deficiency, malnutrition	
	Acaris lumbricoides roundworms - post-surgery in resected bowel Image by Dr. Vikas Arora, India	B	RABA	

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Treatment	Benzimidazole anthelmintics			
Control	Mass dewormings, drugs.			

Disease	Elephantitis	River blindness	Guinea worm	Schistosomiasis

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Transmission	Mosquitoes	Blackflies	Water fleas in drinking water	Larvae in freshwater

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Transmission	Mosquitoes	Blackflies	Water fleas in drinking water	Larvae in freshwater		
	Filarial fovor	Malnutrition, developmental/educational impairment				
Clinical	Filarial fever, swelling, disfigurement	Blindness, disfigurement, skin disease	Painful blister in foot, inflammation	Target organ damage, highest mortality		
manifestation/ impairment						

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manifestation/ impairment				
Treatment	Diethylcarbama- zine, ivermectin, albendazole	Ivermectin	Extract worm on stick	Praziquantel
Control	Interrupt transmission cycle, yearly mass drug admin	Vector control, yearly mass drug admin	Safe water, health education	Molluscicide, yearly mass drug admin.

Leist	Leishma	aniasis	Chagas' Disease	Sleeping sickness	
Disease	Visceral	Cutaneous		T.b.g.	T.b.r.

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Disease	Visceral	Cutaneous	Chagas' Disease	T.b.g.	T.b.r.
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Decreased	Decreased	Disfigure-		Coma & d	eath
Clinical manifestation/	red blood cell count, fever, weight loss		Chronic heart disease, megacolon, megaesophagus	Anemia, enlarged lymph nodes, personality change, gait	Death within a year
impairment				Nosca tse tse	

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Control	Case det manageme conf	ent, vector	Case detection & management, vector control	Case detec managem	

Bacterial

Disease	Buruli ulcer	Leprosy	Trachoma
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Transmission	Unknown	Unknown	Direct contact with discharge

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Clinical manifestation/ impairment	Disfiguring skin infection, amputation	Tuberculoid	Lepromatous	Irreversible visual impairment, blindness
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		12		
Treatment	Rifamprin, streptomycin, debridement/graft	Dapsone, rifamprin, clofazimime		Azithromycin
Control	Amputation	Multidrug treatment		facial hygeine, surgery

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- Lack of healthcare infrastructure
 - lack of R&D for existing and novel pharmaceuticals
 - treatments may be toxic
- Inadequate funding.



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- Clean living conditions



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- Clean drinking water



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- Identification/targeting of vulnerable groups.



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GUINEA WORM ERADICATION PROGRESS

Declines in total number of cases since 1989



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- Eg Guinea worm disease has been almost entirely eradicated, despite no biomedical intervention
- These relationships need to be strengthened.

GUINEA WORM ERADICATION PROGRESS

Declines in total number of cases since 1989



Source: World Health Organization

Have contributed to many advances in disease control and management



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- effects of climate change
- emergency preparedness.



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- However, models depend critically on the assumptions used to construct them
- Modellers need to be clear about limitations
- Policy analysts need to be better educated about the power of models.



 Provides greater understanding of existing control strategies without costly experiments



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Threshold

Liability \longrightarrow

Affected

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• A diversity of voices is urgently needed.

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- Models were refined using subsequent data to include treatment
- Modelling retained a prominent role in subsequent policy discussions.

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ZAGCIN

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- Existing control efforts need to be optimised
- Theoretical interventions need to be examined
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- Fill in potential gaps in knowledge
 - eg routes of transmission.



 Adapting malaria pesticide models for vector control in Chagas' Disease



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- Modelling access to resources across geographically difficult terrains



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 - eg distance to hospitals, swamps, mountains, road networks



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- Model NTD research funding
Specific problems

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- Categorise the cost to developing economies of disabling NTDs
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- with other NTDs and the big three.

• NTDs require immediate attention



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- NTDs extract an enormous price in



- NTDs require immediate attention
- NTDs extract an enormous price in
 - suffering



- NTDs require immediate attention
- NTDs extract an enormous price in
 - suffering
 - lack of economic development



- NTDs require immediate attention
- NTDs extract an enormous price in
 - suffering
 - lack of economic development
 - promotion of poverty



- NTDs require immediate attention
- NTDs extract an enormous price in
 - suffering
 - lack of economic development
 - promotion of poverty
- Mathematical models can be used to inform policy at minimal cost.



Conclusions

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- A great many problems could be solved, relatively easily, by harnessing the power of mathematical modelling
- The price political and otherwise — for such a huge improvement in the quality of life for 1/6 of the world's population is tiny.



Key References

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