

LAGO

El Observatorio Latinoamericano Gigante

Current State and Future Perspectives

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² <http://lagoproject.net>

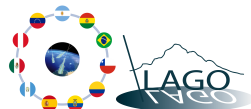
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LAGO @ Latin America, July 2020

II Latin American Strategy Forum for Research
Infrastructure: an Open Symposium for HECAP

July 6-10, 2020 (by videoconference)

ICTP-SAIFR, São Paulo, Brazil



The Latin American Giant Observatory (LAGO) Project

A very long baseline “array” of water Cherenkov detectors (WCD)



The LAGO Collaboration

- 99 members from 30 institutions in 11 countries: **Argentina, Bolivia, Brasil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Guatemala, México, Perú, Venezuela & España.**
- **Scientific goals:**
 - Astroparticle physics to study the Extreme Universe (EU)
 - Transient and long term Space Weather phenomena trough Solar modulation of Cosmic Rays (CR)
 - Measurements of background radiation at ground level
- **Academic goals:**
 - Train Latin American students in HE and Astroparticle physics
 - Build a LA network of Astroparticle researchers

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How does it work?

- Non-centralized, collaborative network of institutions and scientists
- 3 working groups (physics, detectors, data)
- 11+1 members coordination committee, 1 P.I.
- Developments, expertise and data are shared across the network
- Primary objectives conducted by specific LAGO programs

- Build a LA network of Astroparticle researchers



LAGO Objectives ↔ LAGO Programs @ 3 WG

WG: Physics - Detectors - Data

LAGO-High Energy:

- Small arrays of WCD
- High energy components of GRB
- Low energy astroparticles

LAGO-Universities:

- Astrophysics and particle physics in undergraduate courses
- Muon decay
- Construction and characterization of particles detectors
- Detector physics and radiation-matter interactions
- Data analysis and statistic

LAGO-Space Weather:

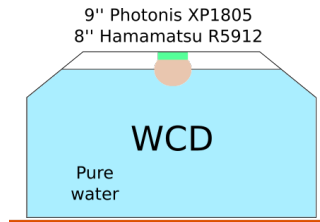
- Space Weather phenomena from ground level
- Possible connections: atmospheric physics
- Background radiation at ground (and flight) level

LAGO-Virtual:

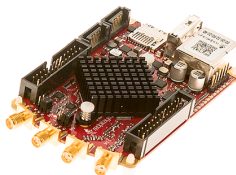
- Acquire, produce, collect and preserve LAGO data
- Integration with EOSC services
- Toolkit development → ARTI (integration of MAGCOS, CORSIKA and Geant 4)

Our detector: sWCD (Water Cherenkov Detector) s as in *smart*

- Autonomous, reliable, simple and cheap detector
- Commercial tanks with $1,5 \text{ m}^2 - 10 \text{ m}^2$ of detection area filled with purified water
- Inner coating of Tyvek (UV diffusive and reflective fabric)
- PMT + Digitizer board (own design)
- FPGA + Raspberry Pi: detector control, telemetry, data acquisition and on board data pre-analysis (including machine learning techniques)
- Upgrade of the electronics \rightarrow STEMLab® (redpitaya) system



- Digitized signals by a 10-14 bits FADC at 40-100 MHz (10-25 ns)
- Temporal synchronization: GPS in PPS mode
- Station consumption: $\lesssim 8 \text{ W}$



Latest 'news' on LAGO

Some recent publications

XI LAGO Workshop and VII School: 'The physics of LAGO'

9th Ring Imaging Cherenkov Detectors Workshop September 5-9, 2016



LAGO: the Latin American Giant Observatory

I. Sidelnik^{1,2}, H. Asorey^{3,4} for the LAGO Collaboration⁵

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PROCEEDINGS
OF SCIENCE



PROCEEDINGS
OF SCIENCE

Performance of the LAGO Water Cherenkov detector in Chiapas, Mexico

O.G. Morales Olivares^a, Hugo de León Hidalgo^a, Karen Salomé Caballe Roberto Arceo Reyes^a, Eduardo Moreno Barbosa^a, Arnulfo Zepeda Don César Álvarez Ochoa^a, Filiberto Huaytú Zahuantla^a, Luis Rodolfo Páiz Sánchez^a, Eli Santos^a for the LAGO Collaboration^a

Water Cherenkov detector optimization for space weather studies in the Antarctic

L. Otrivnikov¹, J. Peña², J. Yaga³, V.B. Yakovlev⁴ and G. Castellon⁵ for the LAGO Collaboration^a

How atmospheric conditions affect the observations from the cosmic ray detector at Maramba Base, Antarctic.

N.A. Santos^[1], S. Dasso^[1,2,3], A.M. Gulisano^[3,4], O. Ares^[2], M. Pereira^[2], for the LAGO collaboration^[5].

**To be sended for publication
In 1 week**

PERFORMANCE OF WATER CHERENKOV DETECTORS TO COSMIC RAYS FLUX

C. SARMIENTO-CANO^{a,c,f}, M. SUÁREZ-DURÁN^b, R. CALDERÓN-ARDILA^{b,c,f}, A. VÁSQUEZ-RAMÍREZ^a, A. JAIMES-MOTTA^a, I. SIDELNIK^{c,f}, L. A. NÚÑEZ^a, H. ASOREY^{c,e,f,g}, FOR THE LAGO COLLABORATION^g



L. H. Arnaldi¹, D. Cazar², M. Audelo³ and I. Sidelnik⁴ for the LAGO Collaboration⁵



Projection of major activities separated in two groups

Uniformization Goals

- End 2019: New electronic design and characterization (**partially/done**)
- Mid. 2020: New electronic deployment at all the sites (**postponed-covid19**)
- 2020/21: Central LAGO Data Repository and data analysis chain (**ongoing**)
- 2021: Selection and deployment of new detectors in the region
- 2019/21: Replacement and deployment of permanent detectors in Antarctica (**done**)

WCD of each site (diff. geometries) and most of the PMTs were donated by the Auger Observatory (failing and replacement is expensive).

MoU with Auger Collaboration: data exchange (joint analysis) and technical support.

Academic objectives → 2 schools per year at different LAGO sites

- 2019: 2 schools (South America and North America) (**1@Perú - 1@BsAs**)
- 2020: 2 schools (South America and Central America) (**postponed-covid19**)
Replace with Virtual School on LAGO Data Analysis.
- 2021: 2 schools (C-America and S-America)
- 2022: 2 schools (S-America)
- 2023: 2 schools (S-America and C-America)

One school synchronized with the annual Collaboration meeting.

Need a stable and uniform operation of the current sites and the development of new sites. We foresee the need for a **common funding support for all the Observatory**, it is crucial in the development of the entire scientific program.

The core cost of all this development is estimated at the level of 1.5M US\$ for the following 5 years.

Conclusions

- Ultra long baseline “array” of sWCD from Mexico to Antarctica
 - High and low altitude sites across the Andean range: Background radiation, Space Weather and HE physics
 - New sWCD with upgrade in the electronics and PMT replacement
 - Full simulation chain: from primary flux to detector signals, on going multispectral data analyses (several papers this year)
 - New sites along all LA (including Antarctica)
- Local to regional integration of Universities
 - Student training in HE physics in LA with schools & experiments @ each site
 - **Very active LA community: several projects funded in many LA countries**

Need a stable and uniform operation of the current sites and the development of new sites. We foresee the need for a **common funding support for all the Observatory**, it is crucial in the development of the entire scientific program.

The LAGO Project: A Latin American network of astroparticle students and researchers