## The Early Years of Superstring Theory

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This quick survey of the (distant) past of string theory will mention some of the key developments. The choices are somewhat subjective.

Strings 2021

July 2, 2021

Bosonic string theory (1968-70): Veneziano, Fubini, Virasoro, Nambu, et al. Developed with the goal of constructing a theory of hadrons.

Free fermionic string (Jan 1971): P. Ramond.

A second bosonic string theory (Mar 1971): A. Neveu and JHS. These bosons and fermions combine to give a single theory. C. Thorn also contributed in showing this.

Supersymmetric world-sheet action (Aug 1971): J. Gervais and B. Sakita. First example of a supersymmetric action (as far as I know). This motivated Wess and Zumino to construct 4d susy theories a couple years later. Yang–Mills at low energy (Aug 1971): A. Neveu and J. Scherk. Open strings with Chan–Paton factors.

Critical dimension (1971): C. Lovelace. Open-string closed-string duality. Before this we assumed d = 4.

No-ghost theorems (1972): R. Brower; P. Goddard and C. Thorn; JHS.

GR at low energy (1973): T. Yoneya. Closed strings.

Unification (1974): J. Scherk and JHS. Proposed using string theory to construct a theory of all forces. Strings shrank by 20 orders of magnitude. Optimistic about UV finiteness and beneficial extra dimensions. N=4 super Yang–Mills (1976): L. Brink, J. Scherk, JHS. Obtained by dimensional reduction of 10d SYM.

GSO projection (1977): F. Gliozzi, J. Scherk, D. Olive. Evidence for 10d spacetime susy in string theory.

11d supergravity (1978): E. Cremmer, B. Julia, J. Scherk.

Supersymmetry breaking (1979): J. Scherk and JHS. By twisted boundary conditions, etc.

Joël Scherk (1946–1980) passed away much too early. It was a great loss personally and for theoretical physics.

## Collaboration with Michael Green

L. Brink participated in some of our work.

1980-82: Proved spacetime supersymmetry of the GSO projected theory. Formulated Type I, IIA, and IIB superstring theories. Computed various amplitudes.

1983: Constructed an alternative world-sheet action that makes 10d supersymmetry manifest.

1984: Analyzed gauge anomalies of type I superstring theories and discovered that only SO(32) is anomaly free. Showed that  $E_8 \times E_8$  could also work, though we didn't know such a string theory. Gross et al. found it first. After a ten-year period (1974–84) in which string theory for unification attracted very little interest, the subject suddenly took off.

Despite all the enthusiasm, there was also quite a bit of outspoken opposition to this subject. The main complaint was that it is far-removed from experiment. However, as many very bright young people entered the field, and amazing discoveries were made, string theory became mainstream. This conference is a testament to its vitality.