Problem 1

The Majorana-conjugate spinor is defined by

$$\bar{\Psi} = \Psi^{\mathrm{T}} C$$
,

where C is the charge-conjugation matrix

$$C\Gamma_M C^{-1} = -\Gamma_M^{\mathrm{T}}.$$

Show that

1. The Dirac action

$$S = i \int d^D x \, \bar{\Psi} \Gamma^M \partial_M \Psi$$

is well-defined provided C is anti-symmetric:

$$C^{\mathrm{T}} = -C.$$

- 2. The Dirac Lagrangian is Lorentz-invariant.
- 3. The chirality constraint

 $\Gamma \Psi = \Psi$

is consistent with Majorana conjugation only if

$$C\Gamma C^{-1} = -\Gamma^{\mathrm{T}}.$$
 (1)

Hard part:

4. Show that

- (a) The charge conjugation matrix exists in $D = 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 \mod 8$
- (b) C is anti-symmetric in $D = 2, 3, 4 \mod 8$.
- (c) Eqn. (1) holds in $D = 2, 6 \mod 8$.